

R18B Headwall Range

Up to 825mm Pipework
1300mm Backwall Height

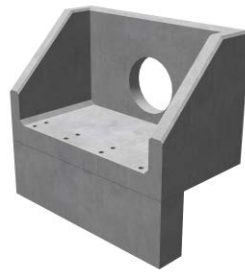
300 and 500mm Thick Toe

R18B Rectangular Headwalls are single piece concrete headwall structures with a separate toe extensions. The R18B Rectangular Headwalls can accommodate twin wall, uPVC or clay pipes up to 750mm or concrete pipes up to 750mm

The R18B Rectangular Headwalls are available with 1300mm back wall heights and there are three depths of toe available in both 300 and 500mm thickness, they are fixed to the Headwall using threaded rod, nuts and washers, and high strength non-shrink grout

All our precast concrete headwalls can be factory fitted with gratings, flap valves, penstocks, handrails and other factory fitted accessories such as baffle blocks and orifice plates.

Openings are cast into the headwalls to suit the pipe diameter and material being used and can be set to a specified invert level. We can also accommodate multiple pipe openings in the back wall or wingwalls.



R18B 01 1150
1:1 Wing Wall



R18B 01 1810
1:1 Wing Wall



R18B 01 2270
1:1 Wing Wall



R18B 05 1810
1:2 Wing Wall

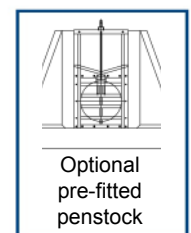
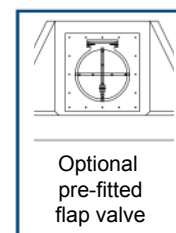
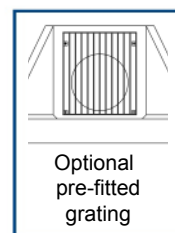
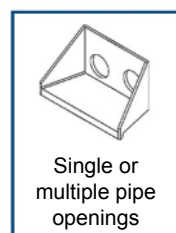
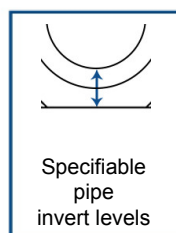
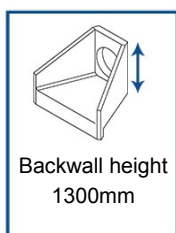
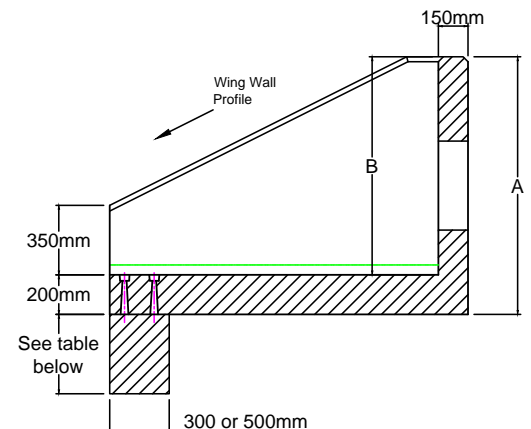
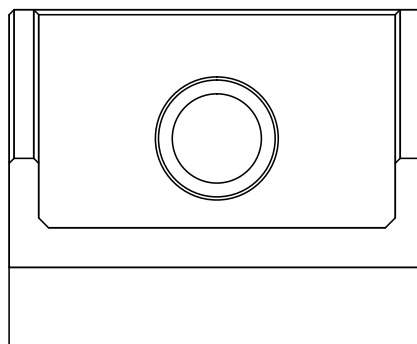
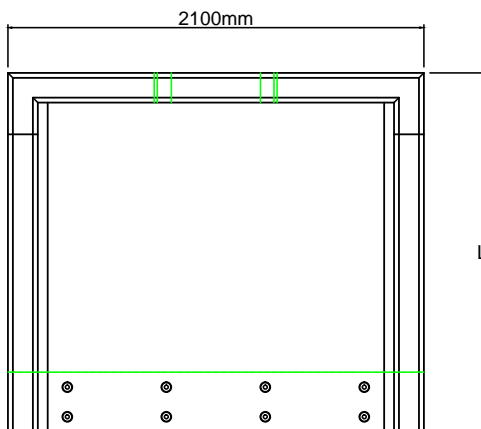


R18B 05 2330
1:2 Wing Wall



R18B 10 2450
1:3 Wing Wall

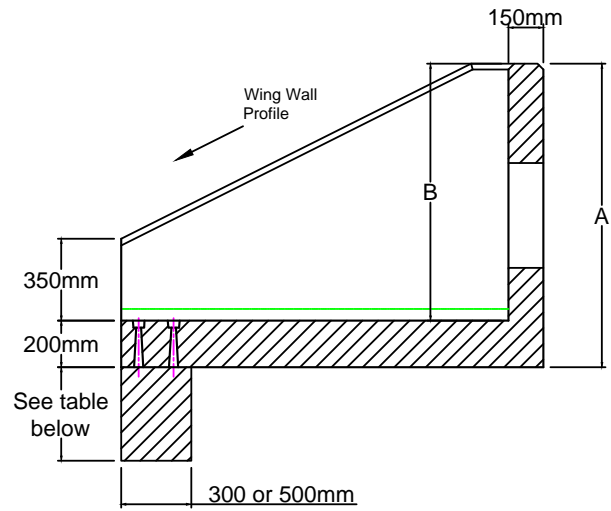
Optional Kee Klamp handrail



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1300mm Backwall Height

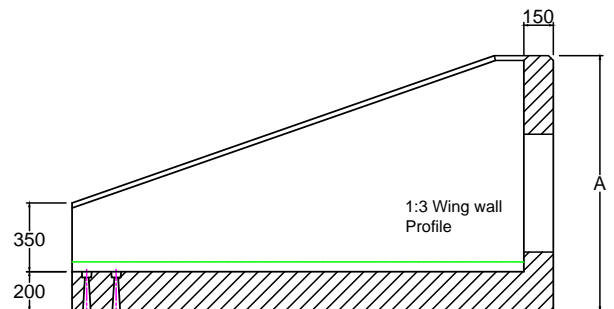
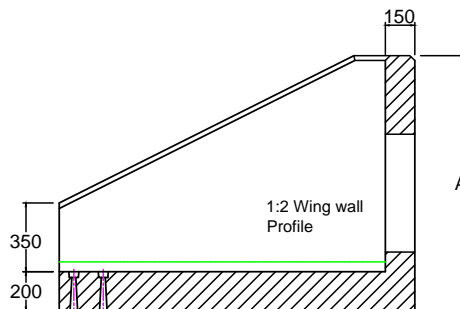
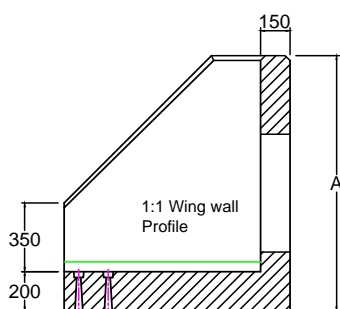
300mm Thick Toe



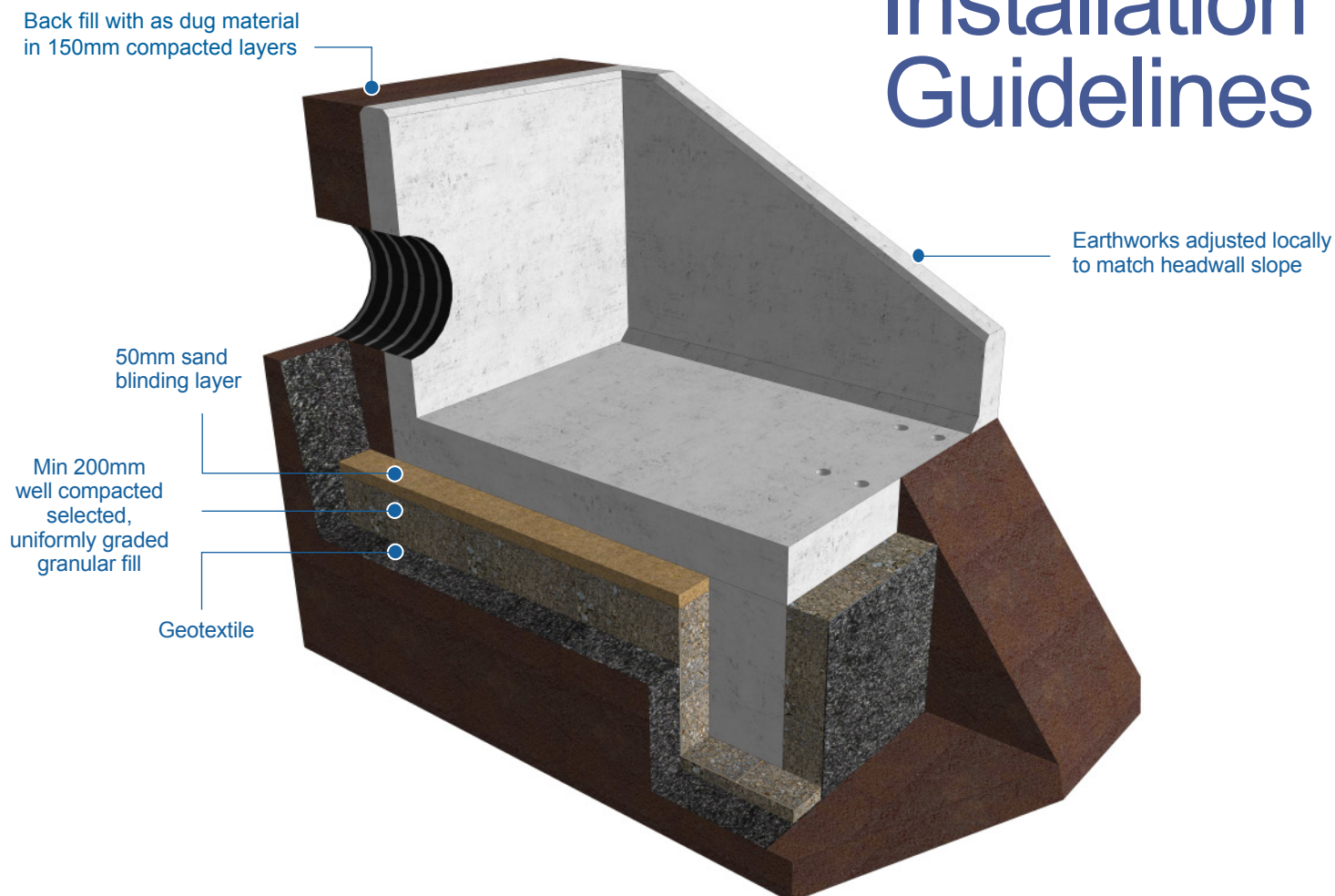
Headwall Ref	Back Wall Height A	Back Wall Height B	Length L	Wing Wall Profile	Weight	Weight with Toe			Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening
						400mm	650mm	950mm	Invert Level with Apron		100mm Invert Level		225mm Invert Level	
									TW / Clay	Concrete	TW / Clay	Concrete	TW / Clay	Concrete
	mm	mm	mm		kg	kg	kg	kg	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
R18B 01 1150	1300	1100	1150	1:1	2580	3180	3560	4010	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 01 1810	1300	1100	1810	1:1	3750	4350	4730	5180	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 01 2270	1300	1100	2270	1:1	4580	5180	5560	6010	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 05 1810	1300	1100	1810	1:2	3550	4150	4530	4980	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 05 2330	1300	1100	2330	1:2	4500	5100	5480	5930	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 10 2450	1300	1100	2450	1:3	4000	5100	5480	5930	750	825	750	750	600	600

500mm Thick Toe

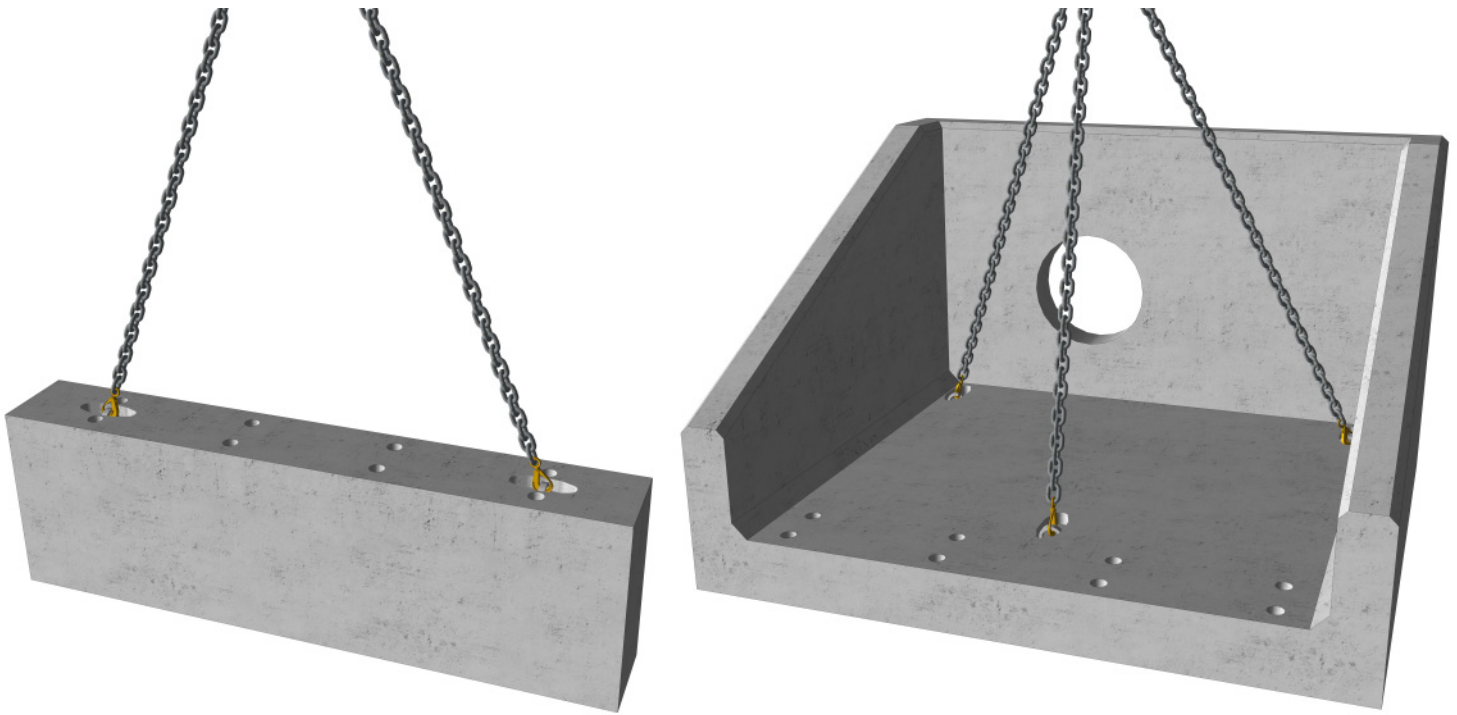
Headwall Ref	Back Wall Height A	Back Wall Height B	Length L	Wing Wall Profile	Weight	Weight with Toe			Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening
						500mm	750mm	1000mm	Invert Level with Apron		100mm Invert Level		225mm Invert Level	
									TW / Clay	Concrete	TW / Clay	Concrete	TW / Clay	Concrete
	mm	mm	mm		kg	kg	kg	kg	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
R18B 01 1150	1300	1100	1150	1:1	2580	3840	4470	5100	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 01 1810	1300	1100	1810	1:1	3750	5010	5640	6270	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 01 2270	1300	1100	2270	1:1	4580	5840	6470	7100	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 05 1810	1300	1100	1810	1:2	3550	4810	5440	6070	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 05 2330	1300	1100	2330	1:2	4500	5760	6390	7020	750	825	750	750	600	600
R18B 10 2450	1300	1100	2450	1:3	4000	5760	6390	7020	750	825	750	750	600	600



Installation Guidelines



- 1 Ensure that first or last spigot/butt or socket/butt pipe that is to be fitted to the Headwall is in position and free from backfill.
- 2 Dig out the bank of the watercourse to take the size of the headwall making sure that the Headwall will not protrude into the path of the water flow. The angle of the excavation to the rear of the Headwall should be roughly the same as the existing bank profile.
- 3 Dig out sufficient size trench to take the toe along the front of the foundation.
- 4 Line toe foundation with Geotextile then place selected, uniformly graded granular fill in the base and compact well. Lift Toe into position and level then fill around the toe with selected, uniformly graded granular fill and compact well. Insert supplied threaded rod into the sockets cast into the top of the toe.
- 5 Line the base of the rest of excavation with Geotextile then place a minimum bed of 200mm Class 6A* Selected Well Graded Granular Material on the base & compact well, especially around the back of the toe, then a 50mm blinding layer of sharp sand. Lift Headwall into position, over the end of the pipe & locate over threaded rod protruding from the toe and level. Place washer over threaded rod in recess in Headwall apron and tighten nut. Fill recess with high strength non-shrink grout.
- 6 The pipe should be flush with the front of the back wall if fitting grating or flap valve, or protruding by 50mm if not.
- 7 Shim the pipe until it is central within the opening then fill void with sand cement mortar or high strength non-shrink grout.
- 8 If flap valve or grating is supplied, this will need to be removed before the pipe is inserted and sealed into place. Then reinstall using stainless steel fixing bolts into cast in sockets. (When bolting flap valves against headwall, use a good quality sealant but do not over tighten bolts or distortion may occur resulting in the valve not seating correctly.
- 9 Backfill pipe section first then backfill all around Headwall with as dug material. Make good at front of toe with as dug material ensuring river bank is returned to its original profile. It may be necessary to provide protection in front of the toe, please refer to engineers' recommendation



Rapid-Lift Lifting Anchors

All Althon R Headwalls and Toes are fitted with Rapid-Lift lifting anchors. The Althon Rapid-Lift system allows the R Headwalls & Toes to be offloaded, transported and located in their final position without the need for any specialised lifting equipment. Standard lifting hooks and chains can be used with the three lifting points (two lifting points on Toes). The minimum chain leg length for all units is 1500mm.

Althon Precast Concrete R Headwall Safety Sheet

Althon Limited manufacture pre-cast concrete R Headwalls using :-

6 - 14mm aggregate · 0/4mm Sharp sand · Portland cement BS EN 197-1- Cem 1 52.5 · Cryso Fluid Premia 205 Varit Superplasticiser When units have been manufactured and cured they are in a chemically inert state. But the following information should be considered.

- It is advisable to wear toe cap safety footwear when handling any concrete products. Please refer to your company Safety Policy for specific details on manual handling.
- When cutting with masonry grinding discs or drilling with masonry drill bits it is necessary to wear eye protection and a dust mask. It is also recommended to wear ear protection during either of these two processes.
- Due to some units having sharp edges it is advisable to wear protective gloves when handling Althon products.
- When fitting or removing some of the larger accessories it is necessary to use a mechanical system to prevent risk of back injury.

Maintenance of R Headwalls

With respect to the maintenance of any exposed surfaces of concrete components, only routine (Annual) cleaning may be necessary with a Power Washer and possibly some mild detergent to any exposed surfaces to maintain appearance; however all sites are unique and environmental impact of cleaning should be taken into account. Where cleaning is required and environmental conditions prevent mild detergent, using clean water and a power washer/stiff brush should suffice. Concrete units are often expected to “weather” and some coverage will help them to blend into their environment.

If damage to the structure of any pre-cast concrete components occurs we recommend their replacement not repair. If there is minor damage to corners during their normal life by grass cutting equipment etc. then repair with an epoxy compound such as ‘Mason Mate 0868PR380 Polyester Resin’.

To dispose of any Pre-Cast concrete components the preferred method is to recycle the material by crushing and grading, but if the quantity is too small to be cost effective then disposal in conventional landfill is acceptable as all the concrete components are inert with regard to having any environmental impact.

Maintenance of Galvanised Grates & Handrails.

Annual/bi-annual visual checks are basic recommendations. If gratings are in a water course subject to a higher level of debris/weed, then more regular checks may be required. Clearing of debris/weeds from the grate will ensure no disruption to the flow, or backing up of the water course. Handrails should also only require a visual inspection – annually or at the same time as the headwall & grates.