

SFA6 Headwall Range

Up to 300mm Pipework
750mm - 1470mm Backwall Height

300 and 500mm Thick Toe

Althon Sewers for Adoption precast headwalls should be used when a concrete headwall is part of a Section 104 Agreement and the sewers are to be adopted once completed by the local Water Company. The materials used and installation must comply with the 'Sewers for Adoption' guidelines. Althon SFA precast concrete headwalls offer a cost effective alternative to in-situ structures for connecting pipework discharging into open watercourses.

There are five sizes of Sewers for Adoption concrete headwalls available catering for pipe sizes up to and including 1500mm. Each size of SFA precast concrete headwall comes with three depths of toe and four back wall heights offering wing wall profiles to suit most applications.

Althon Sewers for Adoption precast concrete headwalls are cast to suit the diameter and type of pipe being used and can be provided with fixings cast in at the time of manufacture to accommodate gratings, trash screens, flap valves, penstocks, ladders, Kee Klamp® handrails and flow and depth monitoring equipment.

Our Sewers for Adoption compliant precast headwalls are available with toe extensions either 300 or 500mm thick with depths ranging from 450 to 1000mm. We also manufacture Sewers for Adoption compliant outfall safety grilles to suit our concrete headwalls.



SFA6 A
750mm Backwall



SFA6 B
990mm Backwall



SFA6 C
1180mm Backwall



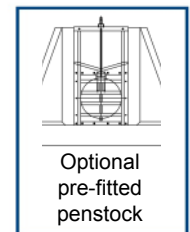
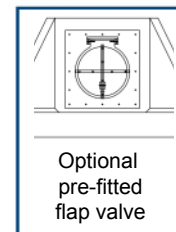
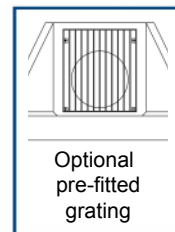
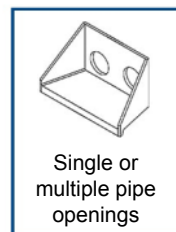
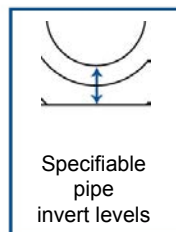
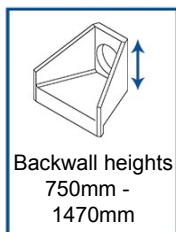
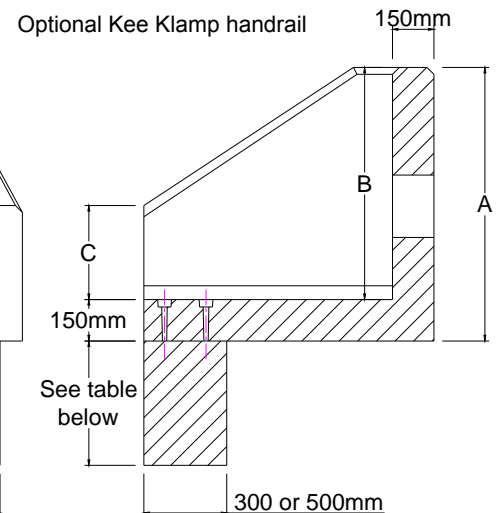
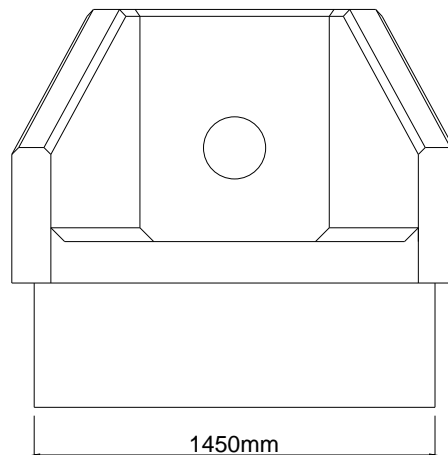
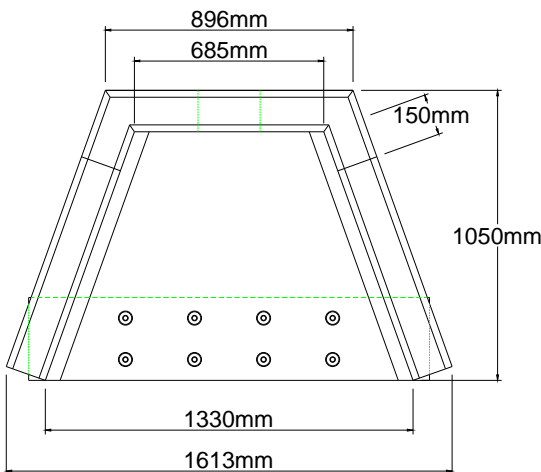
SFA6 D
1470mm Backwall



SFA6 Y
940mm Backwall



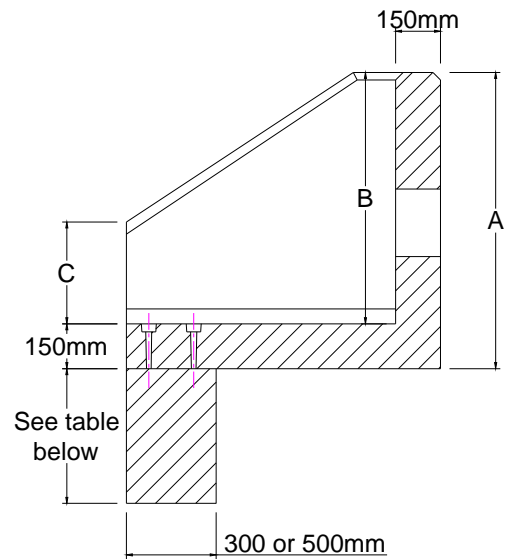
SFA6 Z
1230mm Backwall



SFA6 Headwall Range

Up to 300mm Pipework
750mm - 1470mm Backwall Height

300mm Thick Toe



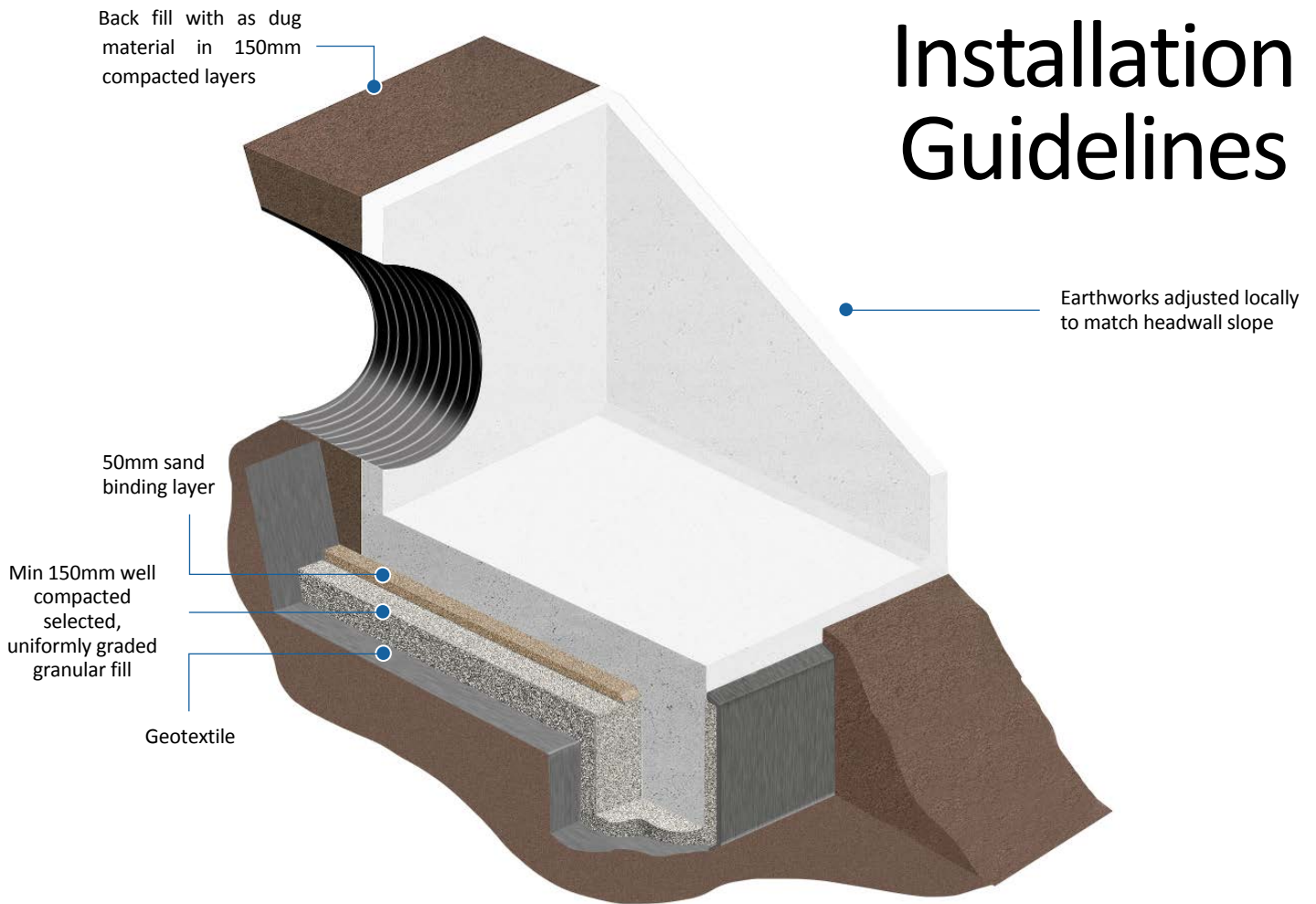
Headwall Ref	Back Wall Height A	Wall Height B	Wall Height C	Wing Wall Profile	Weight	Weight with Toe (300mm Thick)			Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening
						400mm	650mm	950mm						
						kg	kg	kg						
	mm	mm	mm											
SFA6A	750	600	100	1:1.5	941	1391	1666	2001	300	300	225	N/A	150	N/A
SFA6B	990	840	340	1:1.5	1145	1595	1870	2205	300	300	300	300	300	300
SFA6C	1180	1030	340	1:1.1	1285	1735	2010	2345	300	300	300	300	300	300
SFA6D	1470	1320	340	1:0.75	1530	1980	2255	2590	300	300	300	300	300	300
SFA6Y	940	790	100	1:1.08	1070	1520	1795	2130	300	300	300	300	300	300
SFA6Z	1230	1080	100	1:1.76	1285	1735	2010	2345	300	300	300	300	300	300

500mm Thick Toe

Headwall Ref	Back Wall Height A	Wall Height B	Wall Height C	Wing Wall Profile	Weight	Weight with Toe (500mm Thick)			Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening	Max Pipe Opening
						500mm	750mm	1000mm						
						kg	kg	kg						
	mm	mm	mm											
SFA6A	750	600	100	1:1.5	941	1871	2336	2801	300	300	225	N/A	150	N/A
SFA6B	990	840	340	1:1.5	1145	2075	2540	3005	300	300	300	300	300	300
SFA6C	1180	1030	340	1:1.1	1285	2215	2680	3145	300	300	300	300	300	300
SFA6D	1470	1320	340	1:0.75	1530	2460	2925	3390	300	300	300	300	300	300
SFA6Y	940	790	100	1:1.08	1070	2000	2465	2930	300	300	300	300	300	300
SFA6Z	1230	1080	100	1:1.76	1285	2215	2680	3145	300	300	300	300	300	300

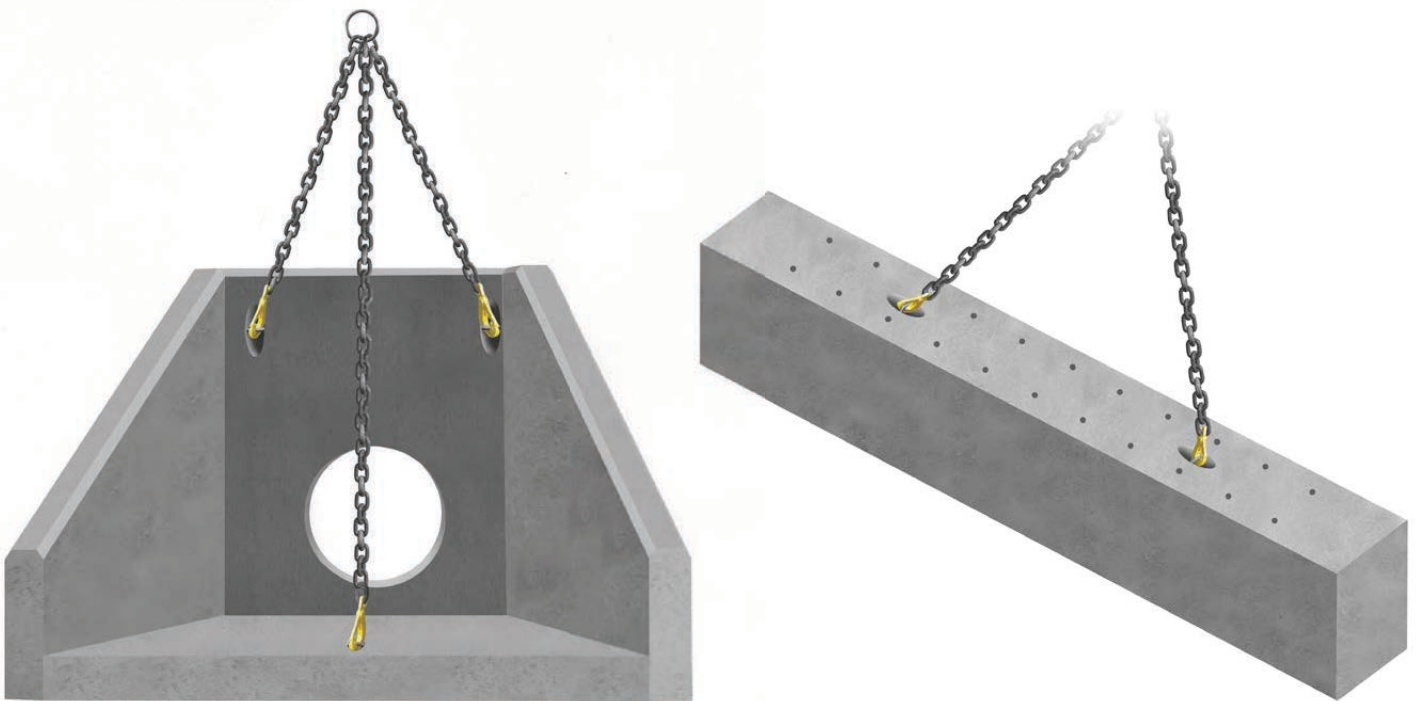
Note - Approximate headwall weights are based on a headwall with no hole cast in

Installation Guidelines



- 1 Ensure that first or last spigot/butt or socket/butt pipe that is to be fitted to the Headwall is in position and free from backfill.
- 2 Dig out the bank of the watercourse to take the size of the headwall making sure that the Headwall will not protrude into the path of the water flow. The angle of the excavation to the rear of the Headwall should be roughly the same as the existing bank profile.
- 3 Dig out sufficient size trench to take the toe along the front of the foundation.
- 4 Line toe foundation with Geotextile then place selected, uniformly graded granular fill in the base and compact well. Lift Toe into position and level then fill around the toe with selected, uniformly graded granular fill and compact well. Insert supplied threaded rod into the sockets cast into the top of the toe.
- 5 Line the base of the rest of excavation with Geotextile then place a minimum bed of 150mm Class 6A or 6L* Selected Well Graded Granular Material on the base & compact well, especially around the back of the toe, then a 50mm topping of fine material (Class 6L*) to ensure units are level and stable. Lift Headwall into position, over the end of the pipe & locate over threaded rod protruding from the toe and level. Place washer over threaded rod (SFA10 8 No) in recess in Headwall apron and tighten nut. Fill recess with high strength non-shrink grout.
- 6 The pipe should be flush with the front of the back wall if fitting grating or flap valve, or protruding by 50mm if not.
- 7 Shim the pipe until it is central within the opening then fill void with sand cement mortar or high strength non-shrink grout.
- 8 If flap valve or grating is supplied, this will need to be removed before the pipe is inserted and sealed into place. Then reinstall using stainless steel fixing bolts into cast in sockets. (When bolting flap valves against headwall, use a good quality sealant but do not over tighten bolts or distortion may occur resulting in the valve not seating correctly.
- 9 Backfill pipe section first then backfill all around Headwall with as dug material. Make good at front of toe with as dug material ensuring river bank is returned to its original profile. It may be necessary to provide protection in front of the toe, please refer to engineers' recommendation.

*Manual of Contract Documents for Highway Works: Volume 1 (MCHW1), Specification for Highway Works, Series 600 (Nov 09)



Rapid-Lift Lifting Anchors

All Althon SFA Headwalls and Toes are fitted with Rapid-Lift lifting anchors. The Althon Rapid-Lift system allows the SFA Headwalls & Toes to be offloaded, transported and located in their final position without the need for any specialised lifting equipment. Standard lifting hooks and chains can be used with the three lifting points (two lifting points on Toes). The minimum chain leg length for all units is 1500mm.

Althon Precast Concrete SFA Headwall Safety Sheet

Althon Limited manufacture pre-cast concrete SFA Headwalls using :-

6 - 14mm aggregate · 0/4mm Sharp sand · Portland cement BS EN 197-1- Cem 1 52.5 · Cryso Fluid Premia 205 Varit Superplasticiser

When units have been manufactured and cured they are in a chemically inert state. But the following information should be considered.

- It is advisable to wear toe cap safety footwear when handling any concrete products. Please refer to your company Safety Policy for specific details on manual handling.
- When cutting with masonry grinding discs or drilling with masonry drill bits it is necessary to wear eye protection and a dust mask. It is also recommended to wear ear protection during either of these two processes.
- Due to some units having sharp edges it is advisable to wear protective gloves when handling Althon products.
- When fitting or removing some of the larger accessories it is necessary to use a mechanical system to prevent risk of back injury.

Maintenance of SFA Headwalls

With respect to the maintenance of any exposed surfaces of concrete components, only routine (Annual) cleaning may be necessary with a Power Washer and possibly some mild detergent to any exposed surfaces to maintain appearance; however all sites are unique and environmental impact of cleaning should be taken into account. Where cleaning is required and environmental conditions prevent mild detergent, using clean water and a power washer/stiff brush should suffice. Concrete units are often expected to “weather” and some coverage will help them to blend into their environment.

If damage to the structure of any pre-cast concrete components occurs we recommend their replacement not repair. If there is minor damage to corners during their normal life by grass cutting equipment etc. then repair with an epoxy compound such as ‘Mason Mate 0868PR380 Polyester Resin’.

To dispose of any Pre-Cast concrete components the preferred method is to recycle the material by crushing and grading, but if the quantity is too small to be cost effective then disposal in conventional landfill is acceptable as all the concrete components are inert with regard to having any environmental impact.

Maintenance of Galvanised Grates & Handrails.

Annual/bi-annual visual checks are basic recommendations. If gratings are in a water course subject to a higher level of debris/weed, then more regular checks may be required. Clearing of debris/weeds from the grate will ensure no disruption to the flow, or backing up of the water course. Handrails should also only require a visual inspection – annually or at the same time as the headwall & grates.